The Intelligencer.

Wg are pained to record the sudden this city, one of the proprietors and man-agers of the La Belle Mill, and a most exellent and useful citizen. Mr. Harden ad long been a partial invalid, but still ave his active attention to business, and his friends hoped that he would wear along for many years. His enfeebled constitution, however, suddenly gave passed away at 10 o'clock last night. His afflicted family will have the sympathy of

ME. EDWARD T. PETERS, a special agent of the Census Office at Washington, is in the city, and will call on our manufacturers for various items of information to-

wide circle of friends in their bereave-

county, this State, was yesterday raised by an order of the Post Master General from the grade of a fourth-class office to a idential" office, with a salary of

Brocke county, and one of the most highly capacity and another for a long period, esteem of the people of that locality than W. Torner. He was a good man in every sense of the word, and his memory will always be held in high honor by his many

As will be seen by a notice from the Balumore Sun, the B. & O. road is turning both of its eyes now to the projected line annersedes the Hempfield extenbrever; and if the people of Wheeling by the coke men of the Connellsville refor an independent line to a narrow gauge line cheaply built, that iver to all points below, and also the full apply of the present and future constogether the greatest railroad project that and has in it the germ of large manufaclay hold of it with great spirit valting on the Baltimore and Ohio railmad. It does not intend to do anything.

The Cadiz Republican says that the wool maritet over in Harrison county has been Democrat to the United States Senate. lively for a week or two past, and buyers Scents, and they have managed to get a advantage." good deal. One buyer, Mr. R. W. Kinsey, St. Clairsville, has bought

Wellsburg, December 2.

special to the Intelligencer.
Col. Wiley H. Crothers, of this place ded this evening. He had been unwell for some months nest but had been confired to his room for only a few weeks. G. B. C. Col. Crothers was one of the best knows

chizens of Brooke county. He has been prominent in business and politics in that county for almost a generation. He was, We presume, between 55 and 60 years of age. He was a very genial and kindhearted gentieman, full of public spirit and very hospitable. He was active in whatever he undertook and being naturally vers courteous and affable exercised considers ble influence. He had not been fortunate in business matters of late years, but wa still full of energy, and one of his latest business identifications was with the railroad project up the Tygart's Valley in this State. In the early part of the war he took an active part on the side of the Union, and was once or twice a member of the Legislature. His wife is a sister of persons throughout the State who will regret to hear of his death.

appointments until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies." Thus it is particular to provide that the Legislature shall fill vacancies. The authority to choose Senators needs no act of Congress. In the absence of any act of Congress. In the absence of any act of Congress, the Legislature sembled, to choose a Senator, when its election had been declined, as in the case of General Garfield. Therefore, the circumstance that Congress has made no specific provision for such a case does not take away the power which the Legislature has by the Constitution.

The Constitution says: "The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators." The Legislature has provided, and can provide, for all cases. Congress has altered the regulation to the extent of providing that regular elections shall take place on a certain time. It has not revised the State regulations as to a new election when the elected has declined. That part remains subject to the act of the Legislature. The Ohio Legislature can constitutionally proceed, as soon as convened, to elect a Senator. It should do so in order to put away this disturbing affair. The State sovereignty Democracy will hardly dispute this constitutional act of a State.

The Opposition in the Next Legislature The Republican members of the next Legislature will be as follows: Senators W. C. McGrew, of Monongalia county, and county, who died at that place two or Wm. M. O. Dawson, of Preston county Dr. R. F. Turner, of this city, was one of Barbour; George W. McCord, of Brooke the oldest citizens of the eastern end of C. M. Babb, of Grant; John W. Hobbs. o respected men who ever lived in that D. Wayt and Josiah Sinclair, of Marshall nia county, Va., a generation ago, and Monongalia; John T. Silver, of Morgan W. P. Hubbard, of Ohio; J. Day, of Pen and no man had more of the respect and of Preston; Selmon Wells, of Tyler; D. Q Steere, of Pleasants; and Floyd Lusk, o Wyoming, Total-19.

In addition to these, there will be two Greenbackers and two Independents, viz.: Dr. A. R. Barbee, Senator from the Fifth district, and John K. Thompson, Delegate from Putnam. The two Independents will be L. Davison, Senator from the Twelfth district, and B. F. Fisher, Dele

The total opposition to the Democracy will, therefore, be twenty-three. The strength of this opposition is almost equal man for man, to that of 1877. At that time the Republicans counted five Sens tors and the Democrats nineteen had 17 members and the Democrats 49 Total opposition 24, or one more than is the coming Legislature. Whether the present opposition will hang as com pactly together in the election of a United States Senator this time as they did in

On the 10th of January, 1877, just prio to the meeting of the Legislature, we re marked in regard to the division of partie Republicans are not likely to exercise any and liberality. The day has gone past for great amount of control over the Democ tion of Sanators. They might, h-wever, by some unforseen chance, hold the balance of minority of the Democrats elect a moderat

"We trust they will hold their fire until have taken all the wool they could get at they see a chance to use it to the best

Well, they did hold their fire a short time, and did hold the balance of power and did determine the selections. At least nearly all the wool in the southern part of they brought about the election of Davis athens township. Mr. Seibert, of Har- and Hereford on the particular day on deville, has also been a large purchaser. which they were chosen, and it is at least One noticeable feature of all this recent could have been chosen but for the Rebeen states, is the fact that the wool at this time is all being bought by the deals, and none of it by manufacturers. This may possibly indicate that the deals have suddenly come to the conclusion that they can make a "corner" in wool. If the is their game, and it proves successibly, we may look for a considerable further shanes in the price of wool pretty soon. Sealkney represented the Confidence of all the candidates. Messrs. Price and shanes in Costa Rico, and it is be-Faulkner represented the Confederate element as candidates, while Davis and Hereford were supposed to represent a mild type of Union antecedents. This was the reason, and about the only reason, of a preference for them.

of a preference for them.

We do not know that we can do better than to repeat the advice of 1877 to the opposition brethren this time, viz: to hold their fire, and use their possible balance of power to the best advantage. If the Bourbons are strong enough to elect one of their favorites at the start, why then, as a matter of course, there will be no world. as a matter of course, there will be no part for the opposition to play, but if they shall be split up, as they probably wil be, there may be a chance to make a choice of evils. If a broad-minded man of liberal views can be found among the of liberal views can be found among the candidates presented by the Democracy, it would be a good idea to make his acquaintance pretty early in the game and give him a timely boost. A man who knows enough geography to properly appreciate the territorial relations of West Virginia is the man to seek out first of all.

GEORGIA'S VOTE.

Governor Colquitt Holds That Is Will be Counted. ATLANTA, GA., December 2.—Regarding ATLANTA, GA., December 2... Regarding the trouble about counting the Electoral vote of Georgia on account of the Electors deferring the meeting till next week in accordance with the Georgia code, Governor Colquitt, in an interview, said he was sure that Gaorgia's yote would be counted in spite of this fachnical fault, but the careral output seems to be that Union, and was once or twice a member of the Legislature. His wife is a sister of Gen. Daval, Collector of Internal Revenue is this State, a position, by the way, once occupied by Col. Crothers before the concock had carried New York this stupidity solidation of the office. There are many solidation of the office. There are many in the code of Georgia might have lost him his election. A bill was introduced the concording the Legislature to make the code conin the Legislature to make the code con-form strictly to the United States statutes.

The Ohio senatorship.

The International Cotton Exposition Association was organized, with Senator Jos. Hardy a December 2.—This afternoon an International Cotton Exposition Association was organized, with Senator Jos. E Browne, of Georgis, as Freedent, and been discussed in our columns once or vice, but seems to be capable of a great variety of views. The latest view presented is one in the Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday, which is as follows:

The Constitution of the United States to choose two Senations, by the Legislature. It provides that such as the country is connected with or otherwise, during the recess of otherwise, during the recess of otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary is capable of any make temporary is a such or in the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary is a such or in a large degree the product of our commerce upon the ocean. As this is extend of our commerce upon the ocean. As this is extend on an International Cotton Exposition Association Association was organized, with Senator Jos. E Browne, of Georgis, as Freedent, and as at no time in the past has this is extend as at no time in the ocean. As this is extend on an International Cotton Exposition Association Association was organized, with Senator Jos. E Browne, of Georgis, as Freedent, and as at no time in the past has this is extend as at no time in the ocean. As this is extend of one will our wealth be increased to valid as at no time in the past has this is extend of one will our wealth be increased. So will our wealth be increased. As this is extend of one will our wealth be increased on an International Cotton Exposition Association International Cotton Exposition.

AN ALLEGED NAVY

TO BE.

tion of Our Naval Forces, So-Called,

\$12,916,639, leaving a balance unexpended at the end of the year of \$1,738,004, to this, however, should be added the net amount unexpended, in hands for the pay of officers, as shown at the office of the Fourth Auditor, of \$253,667, which shows that the net expenditures for the fiscal year were \$2,141,162 less than the amount applicable therefor. The number of Navy Pensions on the rolls June 30th, 1880, was 3,730, and the amount paid during the year on account of pensions was \$752,771. The total amount available for operations for the present fiscal year ending June 30th, 1882, is \$15,963,761. The Secretary recommends the repeal of the provisions of the act of June 17, 1878, so as to restore to the provisions of the secretary recommends the repeal of the provisions of the secretary treatment the act of June 17, 1878, so as to restore to mends the repeal of the provisions it the act of June 17, 1878, so as to restore to the President the authority to appoint ten cadet midshipmen at large annually. In calling attention to the growing com-mercial importance of Central and South American States, whose trade is likely to mercial importance of Central and South American States, whose trade is likely to pass entirely out of our hands if prompt and vigorous measures, are not taken to secure it, the Secretary continues: "All that the Navy Department can properly do to this end, has been done. I have deemed it an imperative public duty to send our ships of war into as many of their ports as possible, with a view of ennabling the authorities and people of these countries to understand that it is our desire to cultivate with them the most amicable commercial relations, and that both their own interests and ours would be thereby promoted. The products of South America, which reach the Pacific coast, can only reach this country by way of San Francisco or the Isthmus of Panama, consequently, I have also felt it my duty to inaugurate such steps as were calculated to establish more intimate relations with the States and people upon each side of that Isthmus. The authority of the Secretary of the Navy is limited upon this subject and and does not extend beyond the location of the stations at the points where our vessels touch, or may be induced to touch, in order to promote commercial intercourse where it is already established, or to invite it where it is not. I have, therefore, caused steps to be taken for the establishment of coalling stations mercial relations, and that both their own interests and ours would be thereby promoted. The products of South America, which reach the Pacific coast, can only reach this country by way of San Francisco or the Isthmus of Panama, consequently I have also felt it my duty to inaugurate such steps as were occludated to establish more intimate relations with the States and people upon each side of that Isthmus. The authority of the Secretary of the Navy is limited upon this subject and and does not extend beyond the location of the stations at the points where our vessels touch, or may be induced to touch, in order to promote commercial intercourse where it is already established, or to invite it where it is not have, therefore, caused steps to be taken for the establishment of coaling stations pon each side of the Isthmus, a point ement of the establishment of coaling stations pon each side of the Isthmus, a point ement of the establishment of coaling stations pon each side of the Isthmus, a point ement were perfected.

Yesterday evening a large number of the establishment of coaling stations in the carribean Sea, and in the immediate vicinity veins of coal have already been opened; and that on the west at the Bay of Golitz, a port of the Gulf of Dulce, on the Pacific. The distance between them is less than one hundred miles. The only two safe and sufficient, commodious harbors on the Isthmus are at these points, and although the Départment did not, before making deposits of coal, acquire title to the lands occupied, yet it assured itself that no difficulty would be made to the preliminary examination and survey of those waters with so useful an object to these ports as well as to this Government in view, lyet careful instructions were given to the Department, in order that timight be made the subject of diplomatic negotiations. Inasmuch, however, as no obstacle of this kind was surmounted, either at Ohirique, Lagoon or Golito, coal in sufficient quantities was been obstacle of this kind was surmounted, either at O

many months.

It would be greatly to the advantage of the United States and contribute much to the economical management of the Naval Department if acquisitions similar to those

world.

In concluding his report, Secretary
Thompson calls attention to the special
relations between the navy and commerce
of the country. "The subject," he says, relations between the navy and commerce of the country. "The subject," he says, "has gained fresh importance by the constantly indreasing supplies of our agricultural and manufacturing products now being sent by sea to all parts of the world. To this immense commerce the navy is a necessary ally, and must at all times be prepared to furnish it protection. It is impossible to do this effectually unless a sufficient number of the right kind of vessels are constructed, not for cruisers merely, but for structed, not for cruisers merely, but for all purposes of war when the emergency aball require it. The cruisers we now

sential means of defense, the number of vessels should be increased, and it is equally true that a good policy requires the National Government to employ all its legitimate powers to increase the strength of our mercantile marine, so that it may become commensurate with all the wants and necessities of our commerce. The increase of one should be proportionate to that of the other. Our material wealth is in a large degree the product of our commerce upon the ocean. As this is extended, so will our wealth be increased, and as at no time in the past has this wealth increased so rapidly as at present, now is a most opportune lime for us to extend to it the increased on all hands, but about the best method of doing it there are differences of opinion. It is not in the

mercantile marine to such an extent as the necessities of our commerce shall require. It is entirely competent to arrange with private ship builders with reference to the extension of our postal service upon the ocean, and to require that vessels used for that purpose shall be so constructed that in the event of war they may be employed immediately for war. structed that in the event of war they may be employed immediately for war purposes. Such vessels, built both for strength and speed, would add most materially, in cases of necessity, to our national defense, and to increase our naval force by this means would soon enable us to compete upon the ocean with the strongest naval powers in the world. England owes her present naval superiority to this policy, and it serves no valuable purpose to contrast her condition with ours, unless we shall profit by her example. So long as her merchant vessels, built under her protection and patronseg. are allowed to draw annually from our wealth about one hundred millions of dollars as a compensation for freighting our commerce, just so long will our inferiority exist. Whenever our commerce shall be carried on in vessels owned and built by our people, capable of being turned into ships of war when necessary, then we shall reach a point of equality with her and be prepared, when necessity shall arise, to test with her the question of superiority upon the sea. Before the war we had nearly succeeded in running British vessels from the ocean, and since then we have contented ourselves with uttering complaints against England for her sgency in destroying ours while the war was in progress. The time for active and energetic measures has now arrived and every future year of neglect will add to our inferiority.

ensation in Columbus Society Circles

COLUMBUS, December 2.—An event curred here last night that will shake Columbus society to the centre when it was announced that the marriage of Mr

berlain, ex-Governor of Maine, and the President of Bowdoin college presiding.

Among the prominent gentlemen or the platform were President McCosh, of Princeton College; President D. C. Gii-man, of Johns Hopkins College, Bal-timore; Father Gevazzi, Bishop Hurst, Rev. Dr. Erskine White, Rev. Dr. Henry L. Field. Ray E. P. Th. Henry L. Field, Rev. E. P. Thwing, Bev. E. L. Clark, Rev. H. H. McFarland, Rev. S. Iranius Prime, Rev. Dr. L. D. Bevan, Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, Hon. Noah Davis, Hons. Edward Pierrepont, Charles Tracy, John E. Parsons, Robert Lennex Belknap, Henry G. Deforrest and others.

Lennex Belknap, Henry G. Deforrest and others.

The meeting was opened by the reading of the Scriptures by Rev. G. F. Orotel, D. D., after which the opening prayer was offered by Rev. Roswell D. Hitchcock. The President delivered the welcoming address, after which an oration on "John Wycliffe and the First English Bible," was delivered by Rev. K. P. Storrs. He reviewed the early lite and history of John Wyckliffe, and its subsequent development, He said that but 150 copies of the translation were made, and some of them were still in preservation, in whole or in part, despite the troublesome times they had passed through. through.

Powerless to Punish Election Offenses

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 2.-Recent trials in the United States Circuit Court at Columbia have again demonstrated that the Federal Courts are powerless to enforce shall require it. The cruisers we now that ear constantly employed in various less, and it is gratifying to know that our figs is so much respected in all parts of the world that very few instances have occurred where our merchant vessels have then interfered with, but undoubtedly it is time that whether the navy or regarded as a protector of our commerce or as an estantial means of defense, the number of vessels about be increased, and it is in the performance of their duties, failed to gree, and were discharged.

in the performance of their duties, failed to sgree, and were discharged. Judge Bond thereupon discharged all the juries, and all the election cases were continued until the April term of the United States District Court at Charleston.

JERSEY CITY, N. Y., December 2 .- A ex-Justice of this city has been retained in a will case involving \$900,000 worth of property, which will shortly be tried in the New York courts. In October, 1863. Antonio Godesky was found dead in his Antonio Godesky was John Mark City. home, Third avenue, New York City. His fortune of \$900,000 wrs deposited by his administrator in a posited by his administrator in a godesky was a native posited by his administrator in a frest Company. Godesky was a native of Poland. A blind nephew of the dead main has been discovered in Godesky's native place, Jacob Greenewald. A Oblegage merchant who came from Poland recently, brought a power of attorney from the blind nephew to act for him in the matter of the estate. The lucky blind nephew to act for him in the matter of the estate. The lucky blind

GEN. GARFIELD.

IS VISITED BY THE OHIO

by the President Elect-A

CLEVELAND, December 2 .- Ohio's twee ty-twe Electors, accompanied by Governo

campaign has been in any way a very and a strength to our cause I am glad; it is not always an easy thing to behave well; if under trying circumstances my behavior as a candidate has met your approval, I am greatly gratified; but the larger subject of your congratulations to the country on the triumph of the Republican party, opens a theme to yout for me to enter upon now.

I venture, however, to mention a relection which has occurred to me in reference to the election of yesterday. I suppose that no political event has happened in all the course of the contest, since the early spring, which caused so little excitement, and, indeed, so little public obervation as the Presidential election which was held yesterday at midday. The American people paid but little attention to the details of the real Presidential election, and for a very significant reason. Although you and all the members of the Electoral Colleges had absolute constitutional and technical right to vote for anybody you chose and no written law directed or suggested your choice, yet every American knew that the august sovereign of this Republic, the 9,000,000 of voters, on an early day in November had pronounced the omnipotent flat of choice, and that sovereign assuming as done that which he had ordered to be done, entertained no doubt but that his will would be implicitly obeyed by all the onleges in all the

A Chiuese Glant.

that in the arduous and great work before us we may maintain the standard of nationality and promote all that is good and worthy in this country, and that during the coming four years all may raise just as large a crop of peace, prosperity, justice, liberty and culture as it is possible for forty-nine millions of people to raise."

Governor Foster was master of ceremonice, presenting the visitors to General Garfield. After an interchange of greetings, two hours were spent in informal social intercourse, after which the company returned here and dispersed for home, except Governor Foster, who remained at Mentor.

Gen. Garfield's Digestion.

CINCINNATI, December 2.—Richard Smith's attention having been called to the publication of an interview in which he is made to say that Garfield is in a serious condition physically, and that he needs careful nursing, says that he made no such statement. What he does say on needs careful nursing, says that he made no such statement. What he does say on the suject is that in traveling with Gen. Garfield from Washington he noticed that he was troubled with indigestion, the re-sult of over work. Mr. Smith and others of tien. Garfield's friends think he is overtaxed by visitors coming to Mentor, and that he should go somewhere where he could escape this tax. Nobody consid-ers his physical condition as at all serious.

National Notes, WASHINGTON, December 2.-So far as is

an office under Garfield. While here he stated several times he had listened to many invitations, but promised nothing. Secretary Sherman is receiving a great many letters from Obio in reference to many letters from Ohio in reference to the Senatorship. A large number of these letters come from members of the Legis-lature, and are unsolicited by the Secre-tary. He has written no letters in refer-ence to the matter except in reply to those addressed to him. Many of his sanguine friends write that he will have at less two-thirds of the Republican mem-

A Condign Fate, Nashville, December 2.—Dan. Smith,

white girl in Giles county some time ago was sentenced to twenty-one years in the was sentenced to twenty-one years in the Penitentiary at Pulsaki to-day, for assault with intent to commit murder. As soon as this verdict was found, a mob rashed in the court room, overpowered the sheriff and posse, seized Smith and dragged him to the street, where hundreds of people joined the mob, and took him to the bridge and hung him until he was dead. The mob came from the vicinity where the crime was committed by Smith.

andden Death of two Ministers WASHINGTON, D. C., December 2 .- Re John S. Sumner, S. J., died suddenly at Genzaga College yesterday, of congestion

of the brain, aged 62 years.

Forr Wayns, Inn, December 2,—Father Julian, pastor of St. Peter's Catholic Church, died suddenly of apoplery while coming down to breakfast this morning. He has been here fifty years and widely known throughout the State,

respondent says: Evidence of a wide and rapid spread of land league terrorism in the districts hitherto peaceable, is increasing daily. Honest tenant farmers wince under the tyrannical pressure put upon them by the League, and earnestly desire to be re-leased therefrom. The owners and agents complain that the state of affairs is worse than it was months ago. There is now an almost universal suspension of the pay-ment of rent, Griffith's valuation only be-

amost universal suspension of the payment of rent, Griffith's valuation only being offered on every estate in the districts
under the influence of the League.

The jury for State trais will be selected
as follows: Firstly from the special jury
list, comprising 1500 names, forty-eight
names will be selected by ballot. These
forty-eight names will then again be placed
in a ballot-box and drawn out separately,
each side having the right to object to
twelve from twenty-four names. Thus the
remaining jury will be selected, each side
again having the right to challenge six.

Mr. Farnelt has suddenly returned to
Dublin on important political business.

At a meeting of the Land League Executive Committee Mr. Davitt roported that
£1,500 had been received during the week,
including \$297 from the United States.

The general progress of the League in the

The general progress of the League in the shape of new branches and members was reported from all quarters, particularly in the North. The Secretary of the Ballag-hadebeen branch, which comprised 1,500 members, reported that the Presbyterian minister, Day, was enrolled as a member Mr. O'Kelly said that he had just returned

minister, Day, was enrolled as a member, Mr. O'Kelly said that he had just returned from Ulster county. The immediate prospects were that the organisation would apread there almost as rapidly as in any other part of Ireland.

The real state of the country is difficult if not impossible to be discovered. Only a small proportion of the outrages and acts of violence reach the public, for the local newspaper correspondents in the country are comparatively few, while police reports made to the Castle are kept secret. The Lord Lieutenant of one of the most important counties in Ireland says that not one-fourth of the illegal and seditious acts of the people were reported. He also said he could personally testify to at least twenty outrages that had occurred in his district during the last two months. They were not reported because they are how so frequent that no pretense is made of reporting them fully, even to Dublin Castle. Many agents and landlords are under police protection.

Parnell, Beggar, I. D. Sullvan, Sexton and Dillon will each file affidavits in the Crown office, on which to ground an application for the postponement of the trial of Orown office, on which to ground an appli-cation for the postponement of the trial of the traversers, as the date fixed for their trial would interfere with their constitu-

giant Chang arrived in this city yesterday from Liverpool. He is said to be the tallest man in the world. He is eight fee aix inches in height, and is well proportioned. He has the small almond eyes and prominent cheek bones of his race. His forehead is broad and massive, and he wears his were ruined, but the loss is not yet ascertification. his head. He has small nanus and lever for a man of his size. He is remarkably graceful in his movements, and polite and cheerful in his manner. He speaks Eng-lish, French, German, and a little Span-lah in addition to his own language. In realy to the reporter's question, he said:

ish in addition to his own language. In reply to the reporter's question, he said:
"My parents and the rest of my family are not above the ordinary size. My countrymen seldom grow large, a Chinaman who measures six feet being considered a very tall man. I am thirty-three years old and have done a great deal of traveling. In my own country I am considered a great wonder. I went through the usual course of Chinese education and was a pretty big boy when at achool. I have been in Paris for the last eighteen months. I like the French metropolis and the French people; they thought me a very big man. I have been married twice. My present wife I have left benind me in China. She is a woman of ordinary size."

Lawrence, First Comptroller of the Curhis office during the fiscal year.

his office during the fiscal year.

In referring to the statute regarding perjury Judge Lawrence says: There may
be some doubt whether the existing
statute defining perjury is sufficiently
broad to include all cases of corruptien
andfalse swearing in affidavits used for various purposes in the Treasury Department.
Affidavits are necessarily used for a great
variety of purposes and it is of the utmost
importance that all who make them should
be amenable to punishment in cases deserving it. I respectfully submit that the
subject is worthy of consideration by Congress. It is recommended that if no
radical changes be made in the existing
statute relative to lost and destroyed
bonds, authority ought at least be given
to require more than two sureties to a bond
of indemnity.

The New Chinese Treaties.

arate instruments, will be considered together and be treated as virtually one by the executive. It is expected that the President in his annual message will make a general statement of the nature of these tive session, with a full statement of the work of the commission in negotiating them. Their prompt ratification at the hands of the Senate is expected. The erting their influence through the consular officers in Havana to check any further emigration of Chinese labor to the South Strong efforts have been made for some time past by the sugar planters in Louis NASHVILLE, December 2.—Dan. Smith, ians to import Chinese labor from Cubs colored, who attempted to ravish a young but thus far it has met with little success owing to the opposition of the Chinese consuls, and hereafter it is likely to be almost entirely stopped

The Coinage of Gold. WASHINGTON, December 2 .- The accu-

aulation of gold bullion to upwards of resolution: minety million dollars, about one half of the entire gold supply of the Treasury, is causing considerable anxiety in the mind of the Secretary on account of the carcity of coin. Orders have been sent to the different mints increasing the control of the distribution of insolvent estates for the distribution of insolvent e better thinks increasing the observation of bullion into gold coin to meet the current demands of the business of the country. The Philadelphia mint is the country. The Philadelphia mint is turning out about ten millions a month, which with the other mints will relieve

SUNDRY SUBJECTS.

TRUTHFUL TALES TOLD BY THE

broglio-Wychliffe Com Rotes - Oblinary.

THE WAY OF THE TRANSCRESSOR. An Ohio Man is Moved by his Conscience to Confess a Murder Committed Ter Years Ago. Weostra, O., December 2.—Wooster

was thrown into a furore of excitement by a man named Sullivan giving himself up to the authorities and confessing that he murdered a man named Stibbs about ten learned, are as follows: About ten years tory two miles east of town, along the rall-road, was found on the railroad in a mu-tilated condition and insensible. He lin-

Bellefontaine, O., December 2.—James

TOPEKA, Ks., December 2.—Crawford's crat in it.

Opera House, which was opened last Sep-

present, and how long this will last can't be said, but it will save merchants trouble if they will, until further notice, ship by some other route. All freight taken yesterday has been forwarded, so that merchants need be under no anxiety with respect to that, and no freight has since been taken at the Penneylvania railroad office. It was stated that the Baltimore and Ohio Kaliroad Company might take sway their freight traffic at any time, as they had passenger traffic, and it was only self preservation to prevent the latter road from making convenient use of the road, merely to discard it at any moment or when it suited their pleasure, therefore it was decided to shut down at once upon the business. If the Baltimore and Ohio railroad carried its passengers by a new route they may as well take freight by the same way.

Sincel Indiana Company East.

Creek Indians Coming East. Sr. Louis, December 2.—Col. Porter, D.

WASHINGTON, December 2.—The two M. Hodge and ex-Governor Ward Coach-treaties negotiated with Chins, while sep-man, representatives of the Creek Indians, ton, where they will look after the interests of the Creek Nation during the coming session of Congress. The Creek Indians are strongly opposed to a settlement of the ceded land now known as the Oklahoma

SAN FRANCISCO, December 2.-Heavy

southeast storms are prevailing to-day throughout the State, except in the most southerly counties, though the indication are that it will reach there by to-morrow The rainfall is plentiful with a prospect o its continuance. Some uneasiness had been felt at the lateness of the rains, but there is now every reason to believe the wet season has finally begun.

Demand for a Bankrupt Law. of Commerce to-day adopted the following

Resolved, That a National bankrupt act

Death of a Notable Sea Captain. New York, December 2 .- Capt. Fred

rick G. Cameron, who commanded the ship Macedonia, which sailed from this port with provisions and supplies for the famine stricken sufferers of Ireland, in '48, is dead. Captain Cameron also com-manded the ship Robert Bound, the first vessel that salled for San Francisco, carry-ing first class passengers.

WEST VIRGINIA POLITICS.

In the neighboring State of West Vis ginia the fight over the United States ginia the fight over the United States Senatorship is quite as hot as that is our own community. The present incumbent is Mr. Hereford, and his successor will be elected by the Legislature which meets is Wheeling on January lith. Hereford was chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Allen T. Caperion at the same time that Henry G. Davis was elected, and both were indebted to a combination of Republicans and Democrats for their seats, after a long and successful. bination of Republicans and Democrats for their seats, after a long and successful effort of the Democrats to nominate candi-dates in caucus. This year history seems likely to repeat itself in that respect, all the candidates paying court assiduously to members of the Legislature, without re-

Democratic candidates in their own ranks being mainly of a personal character, the overtures to the twenty-four members classed on the opposition can have but one meaning. It is asserted and generally be-lieved that in several Republican counties Democratic candidates for the Senatorship contributed to the expenses of particular members, and altogether the schances of the settlement of a Democratic controversy by Republican votes is a prod deal more

day, and is now dying.

MCRDERERS TO BE CONFINED FOR LIFE.

FORT WAYNE, IND., December 2.—John Maher and Isase Norris, on trial for the murder of Barnhardt Myers in May last, were convicted late last evening and sentence fixed at imprisonment for life.

INCREDIELE CRIME CHARGED TO A MOTHER.

TORONTO, December 2.—This morning Mrs. Casely was found in her bed at 18, Carr's Lane. With her were her two children, roasted to death. The mother is not in jured and is held on a charge of murder.

PRESCOTT, ONT., December 2.—The town is greatly excited, owing to the fact that the bodies of Daniel McNutt and Mr. Dunsmore have been stolen from their graves.

Several Destructive Empining Reperted Yesterday.

KATE CLAITON MUST HAYE BERN THERS.

TOPEKA, KS., December 2.—Crawford's Chert Again was opened last fan.

TORONTO, MST HAYE BERN THERS.

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TORONTO, MST HAYE BERN THERS.

TOPEKA, KS., December 2.—Crawford's Chert House, which was opened last fan.

New York, December 1.—The disagreement which during the past season has disturbed the agreeable relations hitherto ELEVATOR AND MILLS BURNED.

ELDORADO, KS., December 2.—The Walburger St., December St., December St., not the 4th. as was now together with some 10,000 bushels of wheat and several thousand bankels of corn. Loes about \$20,000; insurance small.

PLUG TORACCO FACTORY BURNED.

COVINGTON, KY., December 2.—The conclusion by a meeting in this city, but representatives of the various clubs on December St., not the 4th. as was incorrectly stated. The correctly stated. The correctly stated and the correctly stated and the state of the correctly stated. The correctly stated and the control of the control of the control of the control of the compensated by the presentation is anticipated. The absence of the Cincinnatis will be compensated by the presentatives of the various clubs on December St., not the 4th. as was incorrectly stated. The correctly stated. The correctly stated and the correctly stated and the correctly stated and the correctly stated. The configuration by a meeting in this city. COVINGTON, KY., December 2.—The plug tobacco manufacturing establishment of O'Brien Bros., was burned this foremon. Loss on stock, \$10,000; insurance, \$5,200. Loss on building, \$15,000; insurance, \$3,000.

The Pennsylvania Company Shats Dewson to the Baltimore and Ohlo Railroad Company received notice from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company that no more freight belonging to the fermer could pass over the latter road. Consequently, said a freight agent to a reporter, we are without an outlet for the present, and how long this will last can't be aaid, but it will save merchants trouble if they will, until further notice.

Another Flery Frenchman Wants to

Panis, Dec. 2.—M. Laisant has chalenged the Vicerite of St. Vincent to a duel for printing a letter accusing him of cowardice in the Franco-Prussian war, which was read by General Decissey's counsel during the recent libel suit. The manager of the Mainiliais, a Socialistic paper, has been summoned before the Police Court for proposing a subscription to pay the fines imposed in the Decissey case.

A Duct Thwarted.

Burrato, December 2.—A duel which was to have been fought between Lawrence Trimble and John Benton, of Covington, Ky., was thwarted by the non-appearance of Beston. Trimble, accompanied by W. N. Wade, also of Covington, was at Niagara Falls to-day, but the Benton party did not arrive.

ton party did not arrive. The Billiard fournament, The Billiard rearramest,
Philadelphia, December 2.—The billiard tournament for the championahip of
the State continued to-day, two games beingplayed this afternoon and two to-night,
as follows: Nelms, 300; Bullock, 215;
Estephe, 300; Hunter, 237; McLaughlin,
300; Bullick, 187; Nelms, 300; Dodds, 270.

More Gold Coming Over.

London, November 2.—275,000 of gold were purchased in the open market yea-terday for transmission to America by Sat-

Another Regatta.

LONDON, December 2.—Elliott, Hawdon and Boyd have promised to compete in he new American prize regatta.

DIED.

HARDEN-On Thursday, December 2, 1889, at 10 clock p. m., J. Practval Hardett.